







## Gingerbread Icing

## **INGREDIENTS**

- 500g Soft Icing Sugar (sifted, plus extra for adjusting)
- 60ml Egg Whites
- 2 Tbsp Corn Syrup (or 1.5 Tbsp glucose syrup)
- 1 ½ Tbsp Water (plus more as needed)
- Food Colouring gel or powdered (go by eye for quantity)





Cooking Time: 5 min



- 1. Place Icing ingredients in a large bowl and beat for 1 minute on speed 5 until smooth and glossy (start on low then speed up, roughly 2-3 mins & stopping to scrape the sides).
- 2. Divide icing into different bowls for colouring. Add food dye and mix keep adding colouring until you achieve the colour you are after. If the icing gets too thin, add more icing sugar.
- 3. Icing consistency test: Should be able to draw a figure 8 on the surface and you can see it for 2 seconds before sinking in and disappearing. Should be thick enough to pipe details but thin enough to spread smoothly on the surface of the cookie. Adjust icing thinner with water (1/2 tsp at a time), thicker with more icing sugar.
- 4. Transfer icing into disposable piping bags or Snap lock bags.
- 5. Snip the TINIEST bit off the corner. Smaller hole = better detail in icing. Remember: You can cut the hole bigger, but not smaller! OR using a very thin piping nozzle.
- 6. Pipe decorations on cookies as desired.
- 7. Decorate with sprinkles etc while wet (so they stick). Or dry completely before piping on details. To fill a large surface, use a toothpick to spread the icing.























## Notes/tips

- 1. Icing sugar In Australia, use SOFT icing sugar, not PURE icing sugar. Soft icing sugar is the everyday icing sugar used in frostings. Pure icing sugar is used for specific types of icing like royal icing which is not what we are making here. You may need extra icing sugar to adjust the thickness of the icing. If you only have exactly 500g, then reduce water to 1 tbsp.
- 2. Egg whites important to measure rather than use "2 egg whites" because even a small difference in liquid in this icing can drastically affect the thickness. The icing needs to be the perfect thickness - pipable but holds its shape, but spreadable (to easily and smoothly cover cookie surface).
- 3. Corn syrup is a sweet, clear, thick syrup that is a staple in US and Canadian recipes. It's used in candy making and pies (like Pecan Pie). For this icing, it gives the frosting a lovely sheen, rather than being matte. Substitute with glucose syrup for a very similar result (sold in baking aisle in grocery stores).
- 4. Food colouring comes in 3 forms liquid, powdered and gels. Gels are stronger so you need less. Tip: Red icing requires a LOT of colouring, about 3/4 tsp (for 1/3 of the icing mixture). We recommend that you use powdered or gels as liquid may impact the texture of your icing.
- 5. Yield makes more than enough for one batch of these Sugar Cookies/Vanilla biscuits. But you want to err on the side of caution if using multiple colours because you will lose some through handling.













